

SAKLESPUR MINOR MUNICIPALITY.

Dated 26th November 1925.

The following bye-laws relating to the Mutton Stall and slaughterhouse in the Saklespur Minor Municipality framed under Section 48, 1, (a) and (b) of the Minor Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 are hereby published for the information of the public.

Any person who has any objection or suggestion to make with reference to these bye-laws, in the town of Saklespur is required to send the same in writing to the President of the Municipal Council within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice, in the *Mysore Gazette*. Any objection or suggestion that may be received after that date will not be taken into consideration.

BYE-LAWS RELATING TO SLAUGHTERHOUSE UNDER SECTION 48, 1, (a) OF THE
MUNICIPAL REGULATION.

(1) Slaughter of sheep and goats and cattle shall be done only in the places set apart for the purpose.

(2) Butchers and others shall have access to the slaughterhouses for the purpose of slaughtering animals, for sale or private consumption on the conditions hereunder specified.

(3) Every person desiring to make use of the slaughterhouse shall pay the prescribed fee before entering it.

(4) Animals shall be slaughtered only in the allotted space in the slaughterhouse and no other.

(5) No animals shall be slaughtered in the Municipal slaughterhouse except between 4 and 6 P.M., or at such hours as may from time to time be fixed and notified in a conspicuous place in the slaughterhouse.

(6) None but those engaged in the slaughtering of animals and the Municipal officers and Councillors shall have access to the slaughterhouse.

(7) No person shall bring a diseased, dying or dead animal to the Municipal slaughterhouse except under bye-law No. 9.

(8) Every animal found upon examination by the Sanitary Inspector or by the Medical officer, or Veterinary officer to be suffering from infectious or contagious disease shall be marked and handed over to the owner.

(9) An animal brought to the slaughterhouse which is dying or is just dead as a result of accident may, if upon examination it be found to be free from any disease, be allowed to be slaughtered for human consumption.

(10) No animal that is or suspected to be with young shall be slaughtered in the Municipal slaughterhouse.

(11) No person shall blow by means of insufflation the carcass of animals slaughtered for human consumption.

(12) Every person who slaughters animals in the slaughterhouse shall do so, over a saucer provided for that purpose so as to prevent the blood of the animal from flowing upon the floor.

(13) The skins, entrails and offal of slaughtered animals shall be collected in a special offal room in the slaughterhouse, there to be washed and cleansed before their removal.

(14) The solid contents of the entrails shall not be washed into the sewers, but shall be removed by the owners of animals or their assistants and deposited in the Municipal offal track.

(15) Skins, offals, entrails, etc., left at the slaughterhouse after such hours as the President may fix, shall be considered as the property of the Municipal Council and be disposed of as the President may direct.

(16) No person shall sell meat, skin, offal, etc., on the premises of the slaughterhouse.

(17) Meat entrails and offals, etc., which are fit for human consumption and permitted to be removed, from the slaughterhouse after airing, shall be removed in covered baskets or carts together with their covers which shall at all times be kept clean.

(18) No person suffering from leprosy, sores or other disease of the skin shall enter the slaughterhouse.

(19) No animal which has not been permitted to be slaughtered by the Sanitary Inspector or medical authority and which is not meant for immediate slaughter shall be brought into the slaughterhouse.

(20) No person shall spit or make a noise or fight or quarrel or use insulting, abusive or obscene language or commit a nuisance in the slaughterhouse. Persons contravening this Regulation may be summarily ejected.

(21) No person shall be permitted to perform the duties of a Molish or Rabi in the slaughterhouse except with the written permission of the President.

(22) The fees payable for the slaughtering of each animal in the slaughterhouse shall be detailed below:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Sheep	0	1	6
Goat	0	1	6
Other cattle	0	4	0 (per head)

(23) Any breach of the foregoing bye-laws shall, on conviction, render the offender liable to a fine which may extend to Rs. 25.

(24) *Provision.*—The President or the Vice-President may issue a permit to any person applying in writing for permission to slaughter sheep, goats and cattle and out of the slaughterhouse without license or without payment of any fee for the purpose of festivals or religious ceremonies on such applicant furnishing grounds for the indulgence sought, to the satisfaction of the President.

**BYE-LAWS RELATING TO MUTTON STALL OR MEAT MARKET, UNDER
SECTION 48 (1) (b) OF THE MUNICIPAL REGULATION.**

(1) No place shall be used as a market or shop for the sale of meat, fish or game intended for the food of man without a license obtained in writing from the President or any other officer authorized by him on this behalf, which license shall not be issued unless such market or shop satisfy all reasonable conditions with reference to free ventilation, light, general cleanliness, distance from drains, cesspools and latrines. Every meat or fish stall shall have a sufficient supply of water within a reasonable distance and the flooring of any such market shall be paved with dressed stones with cement or chunam pointing in all cases.

(2) The occupier of any stall, booth or place for the purpose of exposing meat, etc., for sale in a market, shall be bound to keep such stall, booth or place in a cleanly condition.

(3) No person shall commit a nuisance in a market.

(4) No person shall expose articles of food or drink for sale direct on the ground unless properly paved nor shall he do so on boarding put up over drain, gutter or cesspool.

(5) The owner, occupier or farmer of any market shall not permit any person suffering from leprosy or other loathsome disease to keep his stall in such market or be employed in any way in the preparation or sale of articles in such market.

(6) The owner of a market or shop shall keep the license affixed in a conspicuous place at or near the entrance of such market or shop and shall apply to the President or Vice-President in the 1st month of each official year for a renewal of his license.

(7) The Municipal, Medical, Veterinary or Sanitary Agency shall have power to prohibit the sale of unwholesome or noxious meat, etc., exposed for sale and when so prohibiting may order the destruction of such unwholesome meat, etc., in any manner as they deem fit.

(8) Breach of any of these bye-laws shall render the offender liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

(9) For every license granted under Section 8 of this bye-law for the use of any place as a retail shop for the sale of meat or fish, the following fees shall be charged for sale of meat per annum Rs. 7. All such license shall expire on the 30th June of each official year.

(10) Every such license granted for the sale of meat shall be in the following form:—
..... is hereby licensed to keep a butcher's shop at
No.....in.....street for the retail sale of animal meat intended for
human food subject to the following conditions:—

(i) That all Municipal Councillors including the President and the Vice-President and any Municipal Officer shall have free access at all times to the shop for Municipal purposes and he shall produce this license before any of them demanding it.

(ii) That he shall not sell or offer for sale the meat of any animal that has not been examined and passed by the Medical Officer or the Sanitary Inspector and slaughtered in a public slaughter house.

N.B.—The latter condition applies to sheep and goats.

(iii) That he shall not sell or offer for sale any meat that is decomposed or unfit for consumption or that by blowing or other artificial means is made to appear to be in a condition differing from what it really is.

(iv) That he shall keep for use in the shop proper scales and correct weights stamped.

(v) That a breach of any of the above conditions by himself or by his servants shall render him liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

N. SUNDARARAJA IYENGAR,

President.